

## DIRECTORS' ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

We hereby certify that the attached are a true copy of the financial statements laid or to be laid before the company's Annual General Meeting.

Brian McLoghlin

Director

David Evangelista

Director

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



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# <u>DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION AT DATE OF APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

**DIRECTORS:** 

Brian McLoghlin

Mary Davis Angelo Moratti Angela Ciccolo

David Evangelista (appointed on 6 March 2017)

**SECRETARY:** 

The Secretarial Company Limited

**CHARITY NUMBER:** 

20071387

**CHY (REVENUE)** 

CHY18549

NUMBER:

**COMPANY NUMBER:** 

472268

**AUDITORS:** 

RSM Ireland

Registered Auditors

Trinity House Charleston Road

Ranelagh Dublin 6

**BANKERS:** 

Bank of Ireland

2 College Green

Dublin 2

**SOLICITORS:** 

Eversheds Sutherland

One Earlsfort Terrace Earlsfort Terrace

Dublin 2

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Special Olympics Europe Eurasia

Shelbourne House Shelbourne Road

Ballsbridge Dublin 4 D04 H6F6





#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company's principle activities are to benefit the community through the provision of financial assistance to support the Special Olympics mission which is to provide year-round sports training and athletic competition in a variety of Olympic type sport for children and adults with a learning disability, giving them continuing opportunities to develop physical fitness, demonstrate courage, experience joy and participate in a sharing of gifts, skills and friendship with their families, other Special Olympics athletes and the community.

Our future plans are to continue to raise finance through grant assistance and administrate this finance to promote awareness for Special Olympics and support athletic activities.

#### REVIEW OF THE ACTIVITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The results for the financial year are set out on page 10. Deficit for the financial year amounted to  $\in 1,478$  compared with a surplus of  $\in 30$  in the previous financial year.

The operations of the company during the financial year raised €7,059,609 (2016: €592,250) in grant income and supporting funds.

There were three grants received from the European Commission during the financial year. These grants related to the Healthy Athlete Programme 2017 and two grants related to Games Organizing Committee for the Special Olympics World Winter Games Austria 2017.

The company also received four other grants during the financial year from Iris O'Brien Foundation, The One Four All Foundation, The Knights of Columbus and Irish Aid.

Previous grants received were audited by the external auditors of the European Commission and European Court of Auditors respectively. Both auditors provided positive feedback.

#### PRINCIPAL RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

The activities in which the company is engaged are constantly evolving and the list below of the principal risks for the company is considered to be dynamic in nature:

- The continued support of our benefactors is necessary to continue administrate the Special Olympic mission; and
- Any adverse loss of key management may have an impact on the company.





#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### EVENTS SINCE THE FINANCIAL YEAR END AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end and the directors do not envisage any substantial changes to the nature of the activities of the Foundation for the foreseeable future.

#### **DIRECTORS' AND SECRETARY'S INTERESTS**

The directors and secretary have no beneficial interest in the company. The company is limited by guarantee and without share capital.

In the event of winding up the company, the members' liability is limited.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The names of the persons who at any time during the financial year were directors of the company are as follows:

Brian McLoghlin

Mary Davis

Angelo Moratti

Angela Ciccolo

David Evangelista (appointed on 6 March 2017)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company secretary throughout the financial year was The Secretarial Company Limited.

#### ACCOUNTING RECORDS

The measures taken by the directors to secure compliance with the requirements of sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records are the implementation of necessary policies and procedures for recording transactions, the employment of competent accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and the provision of adequate resources to the financial function. The accounting records of the company are located at the company's business address at 3rd Floor, Shelbourne House, Shelbourne Road, Ballsbridge, Dublin 4.

#### STATEMENT ON RELEVANT AUDIT INFORMATION

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved in accordance with section 332 of Companies Act 2014:

- a) so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory auditors are unaware, and
- b) each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory auditors are aware of that information.





#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### **AUDITORS**

RSM Ireland resigned as auditors on 17 January 2018. On the same date, RSM Ireland Business Advisory Limited t/a RSM Ireland were appointed auditors by the directors and they have expressed their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of Section 383(2) of the Companies Act, 2014.

Approved by The Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by

Brian McLoghlin

Director

David Evangelista

Director

DATE: 22-2-20/6





#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year giving a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2014 and the Irish Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council, and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland ("relevant financial reporting framework") and Irish law. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and the Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in Ireland governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.





# <u>INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SO EUROPE EURASIA FOUNDATION</u>

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

**Opinion** 

We have audited the financial statements of SO Europe Eurasia Foundation ('the Company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2017, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.* 

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2017 and of its deficit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described below in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate: or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SO EUROPE EURASIA FOUNDATION (continued)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SO EUROPE EURASIA FOUNDATION (continued)

#### Respective responsibilities

#### Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SO EUROPE EURASIA FOUNDATION (continued)

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mairéad Lyng

for and on behalf of

**RSM** Ireland

**Registered Auditors** 

Trinity House

Charleston Road

Ranelagh

Dublin 6

Date: 26.2.2018



#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES (continuing operations) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	Restricted Funds 2017 €	Unrestricted Funds 2017 €	Total Funds 2017 €	Total Funds 2016 €
INCOME RESOURCES Grant and other income	3	7,059,609	1,461	7,061,070	592,250
TOTAL INCOME RESOURCES		7,059,609	1,461	7,061,070	592,520
RESOURCES EXPENDED Charitable activities		7,059,609	2,939	7,062,548	592,490
		7,059,609	2,939	7,062,548	592,490
NET SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR	,	-	(1,478)	(1,478)	30
Surplus / (Deficit) funds brought forward at the beginning of the year Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		9,998	2,784 (1,478)	12,782 (1,478)	12,752 30
SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD AT THE END OF THE YEAR		9,998	1,306	11,304	12,782

The net surplus / (deficit) on resources are derived solely from continuing activities in the Republic of Ireland.



#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017**

	Notes	2017 €	2016 €
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	766,325	218,113
Cash at bank and in hand		255,887	455,786
		1,022,212	673,899
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	8	(1,010,908)	(661,117)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		11,304	12,782
NET ASSETS		11,304	12,782
REPRESENTED BY			
Restricted funds	10	9,998	9,998
Unrestricted funds	10	1,306	2,784
TOTAL FUNDS		11,304	12,782

Approved by The Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by

Brian McLoghlin

Director

David Evangelista

Director

DATE: 22 February 2016

### SO EUROPE EURASIA FOUNDATION

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)



#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

11 (584,651)	221,529
	-
1,068,117 (683,365) 384,752	205,078 (84,776) 120,302
(199,899) 455,786 ————————————————————————————————————	341,831 113,955 455,786
	(683,365) 384,752 (199,899) 455,786

### SO EUROPE EURASIA FOUNDATION

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

#### NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



#### STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The financial statements comprising the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flow and the related notes constitute the individual financial statements of SO Europe Eurasia Foundation for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

SO Europe Eurasia Foundation is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland (CRO number 472268). The Registered Office is Special Olympics Europe Eurasia, Shelbourne House, Shelbourne Road, Ballsbridge, Dublin 4, D04 H6F6, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

#### Currency

The financial statements have been presented in the Euro currency (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 (the Act) and FRS 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

#### **Fund Accounting**

#### Restricted Funds

These funds represent income, which has been received and is receivable, and recognised in the financial statements, which is subject to specific conditions imposed by the donors

#### NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



or grant making institutions. Donations or grants may become repayable in the event that the conditions of the related agreements are not adhered to.

#### Unrestricted Funds

These funds represent amounts which are expendable at the discretion of the company, in furtherance to the objects of the organisation and which have not been designated for other purposes.

#### **Incoming Resources**

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities when the company is entitled to the income and the amount can be measured with reasonable accuracy and is certain. The total incoming resources for the financial year have been derived from grant income, fundraising activities, investment income and other income. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

#### Government and other grants

Grants are recognised at fair value of the asset receivable using the accruals model when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attaching conditions will be complied with. Grants towards capital expenditure are credited to deferred income and are released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful life of the related assets, by equal annual instalments. Grants towards revenue expenditure are released to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

#### Revenue income from charitable activities

The income is accounted for on an accruals basis in line with the period to which the charitable activities relate.

#### Bank deposit interest

The interest is credited to income on a receipts' basis

#### Other income

The income is accounted for on a receipts' basis.

#### **Resources Expended**

Expenditure is analysed between charitable activities, awards and grants, investment expenditure and governance cost.

#### Expenditure

The resources expended are recognised in the period to which they relate. Expenditure incurred but unpaid at the balance sheet date are included in creditors. Charitable activities comprise all expenditure incurred by the company in meeting its charitable objectives. Awards and grants are grants provided to national programme creditors where they have assisted in raising funds and share the same charitable objectives. Investment expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis.

## NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



#### Governance costs

These are the costs associated with the stewardship arrangements of the company. They comprise costs arising, where not funded by a grant, from statutory obligations, as well as costs associated with the strategic management of the company. Typical costs would be external costs and legal fees.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the financial year end date. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are translated at the rate of exchange at the date when the fair value was determined. All foreign exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

#### **Taxation**

No charge to taxation arises due to the exempt status of the company (CHY Revenue Number: CHY 18549).

Irrecoverable VAT is charged to the statement of financial activities, or capitalised as part of the cost of the related asset, where appropriate.

#### **Financial Instruments**

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Other financial assets

Other financial assets including trade debtors arising from goods sold to customers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount of cash receivable from that debtor, which is normally the invoice price. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial assets are measured at amortised cost less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

#### Loans and borrowings

All borrowings by the company, with the exception of loans from directors who are natural persons in the company (or close members of the family of such persons), are initially recorded at the amount of cash received less separately incurred transaction



#### NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

costs, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including trade creditors arising from goods purchased from suppliers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount owed to the creditor, which is normally the invoice price. Liabilities that are settled within one year are not discounted. If payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, this constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### **Judgements**

The directors consider the accounting assumptions below to be its critical accounting judgements:

#### Going Concern

The directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

### SO EUROPE EURASIA FOUNDATION

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

## NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. INCOME RESOURCES

The total incoming resources for the financial year have been derived from grant income and other income.

#### 4. TAXATION

As a result of the company's charitable status (CHY Revenue Number: CHY 18549), no charge to corporation tax arises under the provision of Section 207 of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company (including executive directors) during the financial year was 5 (2016: 4).

#### 6. DIRECTORS REMUNERATION

The directors received no remuneration during the financial year (2016: €nil).

#### 7. **DEBTORS**

	2017	2016
	€	€
	COO 011	4.504
Grants receivable (Note 9)	689,911	4,504
National programme debtors	37,697	9,190
Other debtors	_	204,419
Prepayments and accrued income	38,717	
	766,325	218,113
		·

All debtors are due within one year.

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## NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### 8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017 €	2016 €
Accruals	70,371	15,384
Deferred income	56,074	448,163
National programme creditors	23,936	15,608
Games Organising Committees (GOCs) (Note 13)	293,813	-
Special Olympics Incorporated (Note 13)	566,714	181,962
	1,010,908	661,117

#### 9. EU GRANTS

	2017	2016
	€	€
At 1 January 2017	(434,775)	-
Grants received during the financial year	(4,200,000)	(435,166)
Released to the SOFA	5,324,686	391
At 31 December 2017 – Grants due from the EC	689,911	(434,775)

The company entered into grant agreements with the European Commission (EC) during the financial year. The grants are subject to agreed deliverables and milestones as set out within the grant agreements. The company also entered into grant agreements with four Irish organisations. Some of the grants are subject to agreed deliverables and milestones.

#### 10. TOTAL FUNDS

	Restricted funds €	Unrestricted funds €	Total €
Reconciliation of funds: As previously stated Retained deficit for the year	9,998 -	2,784 (1,478)	12,782 (1,478)
At 31 December 2017	9,998	1,306	11,304
Analysis of net assets between Current assets Current liabilities	n funds: 1,020,906 1,010,908 9,998	1,306 	1,022,212 1,010,908 11,304



## NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Movement in funds:	Balance at 01/01/2017 €	Incoming resources €	Resources expended €	Balance at 31/12/2017 €
Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	9,998 2,784 12,782	7,059,609 1,461 7,061,070	(7,059,609) (2,939) 7,062,548	9,998 1,306 11,304

#### 11. NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2017	2016
	€	€
(Deficit) / Surplus for the financial year	(1,478)	30
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(548,212)	(160,600)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(34,961)	382,099
Net cash flows from operating activities	(584,651)	221,529

#### 12. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	Opening	Cash	Closing
	balance	flows	balance
	€	€	€
Cash at bank and in hand	455,786	(199,899)	255,887

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

SO Europe Eurasia Foundation (SOEEF) is controlled by Special Olympics Incorporated (SOI), a United States registered entity. There are common directors of the company on the Board of SOI.

Salaries and other costs amounting to €1,068,117 (2016: €164,077) were incurred by SOI on behalf of the company. SOI incurred a cost of €683,365 (2016: €43,776) in respect of matched grant funding to the company. Net cash advances of €nil (2016: €nil) were paid to SOI in the financial year. An amount of €566,714 (2016: €181,962) was due to SOI at the financial year end.

Games Organisation Committees (GOCs) are independent legal entities organised exclusively to plan, organise, finance and conduct their Games. Unless otherwise specifically agreed, neither SOI, SOEE, nor the company shall have any obligations to the GOC or any other party. However, representatives both from SOI and SOEE advise and guide the GOCs.



#### NOTES ON AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

#### POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS 14.

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end and the directors do not envisage any substantial changes to the nature of the activities of the Foundation for the foreseeable future.

#### APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 15.

The directors approved and authorised the financial statements for issue on  $\frac{22-2-20}{6}$